Anaheim: Target, 2007

- Our chemical world-It's about Use!
- Food and environmentalism
- Everything goes somewhere! (see Website)
- Safety evaluation
- Biomonitoring: How little is really OK?

We live in a chemical world!

More than 31,500,000 known

Origin

Natural and Synthetic

Class

Organic and Inorganic

Use

Process ·· Commercial Products ·· Pollutants

Foods • Drugs • Cosmetics • Pesticides

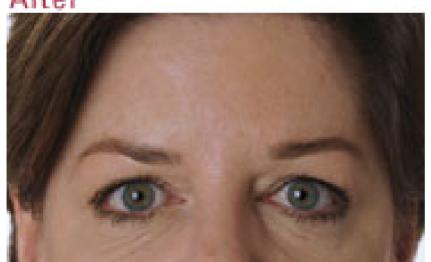
BOTOX: Botulinus toxin

Before











BTX: toxin blocks release of ACh and causes muscle paralysis.

How much is too much? How little is OK?

Exposure

Dose makes the poison.
 All-or-none.

Response

Safe levels of everything.
 Anything spells harm.

Safety Evaluation

Aware testing limitations
 Testing irrelevant.

Pesticide Perceptions are our Chemical World

Pesticides Become Focus of Environmentalism

Some Issues That
Moved and Polarized
the Public

Loss of public confidence in chemical technologies, particularly pesticides— Environmentalism!



√Pure foods: RESIDUES

- CI_{many}HC: milk, everywhere
- Chemical carcinogenesis
- Cranberry scare

√Water/Air: ENVIRONMENT

- Weapons testing
- Oil spills
- Minamata Disease: Mercury
- Mississippi River fish kills
- Thin-shelled bird eggs

√Testing: SAFETY EVALUATION

- Thalidomide and DES
- Diethylstilbesterol
- Thresholds, NOAEL, LOAEL
- SAFETY
- UNCERTAINTY FACTOR
- Reference Dose

Food Purity

A BASIC HUMAN CONCERN

Food as Food

Properties

Ingredients

Chemicals



- 1.Food
- 2. Properties
- 3. Ingredients

What makes strawberries strawberries and grapes grapes?

- Water
- Glucose, sucrose, pectin
- Hydrocarbons, esters, aldehydes, ketones, alcohols, acids (tartaric, malic, citric)
- Minerals
- Nutrients (vitamins, antioxidants)

key flavor chemicals

- (Z)-3-hexenal (green),
- 4-hydroxy-2,5-dimethyl-3(2H)furanone (caramel-like, sweet),
- methyl butanoate (fruity),
- ethyl butanoate (fruity),
- methyl 2-methylpropanoate (fruity),
- 2,3-butanedione (buttery)

- Water
- Glucose, sucrose, pectin
- Hydrocarbons, esters, aldehydes, ketones, alcohols, acids (tartaric, malic, citric)
- Minerals
- Nutrients (vitamins, antioxidants)

other key chemicals

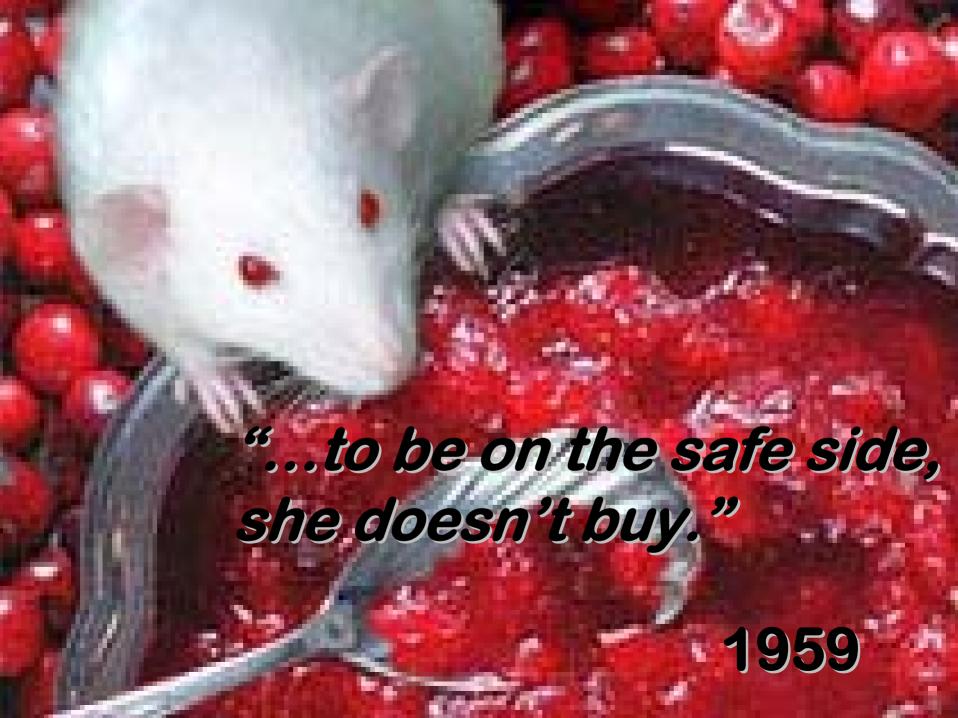
- Methyl anthranilate
- Anthocyanins (phenolics; both)

Pesticide residues are present in lower amounts than well known "constituents" {unspecified}

- Food as food
 - Properties
 - Ingredients

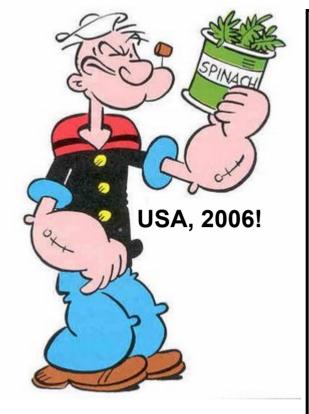
Pesticide residues

"Pesticide residues are a condition of production... DW MOISUOT Lead arsenate residues, ca. 1900









Causes of Foodborne Illness

Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning and Domoic Acid

Campylobacter jejuni

Ciguatera Poisoning

Clostridium botulinum

Clostridium perfringens

Cyclospora cayetanensis

Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (E. coli 0157:H7)

<u>Listeria monocytogenes</u>

Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning

Red Tide, PSP and Safe Shellfish Harvesting

Salmonella

Scombroid Poisoning

Shigella

Toxoplasma gondii

Public health experts estimate that there are 11 to 13 million cases of foodborne illness in Canada every year. 9,000,000 deaths in the USA....

"How many are caused by pesticide residues?" Silence

New perspective on food residues...

The public revulsion for pesticides is magnified by the thought they will become part of us.

B. Krieger, 2007